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VIOLET.

Violet delicate, sweet,
Down in the deep of the wood,
Hid in thy still retreat,
Far from the sound of the street,
Man and his merciless mood :—

Safe from the storm and the heat,
Breathing of beauty and good
Fragrantly under thy hood,
Violet.

Beautiful maid discreet,
Where is the mate that is meet,
Meet for thee—strive as he could—
Yet will I kneel at thy feet,
Fearing another one should.
Violet.

The Golden Talisman.

"I cannot recommend you, believing you to be a thief, but I will be so merciful that I will let you depart. Go at once."

The voice and face were stern and unyielding.

Geoffrey Baird knew that all the piteous appeals he had made, the assertions of innocence he had frantically declared had fallen upon ears not indeed deaf, but closed to him.

"You have been very kind to me, Mr. Hoyt," he said, his voice quivering with pain, "and I hope some day you will know that I had rather cut off my right hand than let it rob you."

There was no reply, and the boy, for he was only nineteen, walked slowly from the room, where he had been accused of crime, condemned and punished in a brief half hour.

He was a widow's only son, and very poor, but Abraham Hoyt had been very kind to him, employing him in light labor about his extensive grounds, and trying him well, and allowing him to read whatever he wished in his library.

And from the library a valuable watch and chain had been stolen from a table drawer, when there was no one as far as could be ascertained, in the room but Geoffrey Baird.

Crushed, humiliated, almost heart-broken the lad walked from the house across the wide garden, bright with summer bloom that seemed to mock his misery. He had his hand upon the great iron gate leading into the road, when he heard his name called, in a clear, childish voice.

"Jeff, Jeff! Oh, wait a moment!"

And then, turning his heavy eyes, he saw a fairy of ten summers, a golden-haired darling, dressed all in white, coming down the broad walk with flying feet.

Of all the treasures his employer possessed, Geoffrey knew this, his only child, was the dearest. Motherless from her birth, she had been her father's idol her whole petted life.

"Jeff," she panted, coming to his side, "you must go away, papa says but I know you?"

"No. Miss Daisy, I never took it."

"I know it! I'm going to find out who did take it. And Jeff, you must take this."

She opened her tiny white hand to show lying upon the palm a broad twenty-dollar gold piece. But the boy shrank back.

'No, no, Miss Daisy," he said "I cannot.'

But you must. It is my own, my very own. Aunt Louise gave it to me on my birthday. In the corner I scratched 'M. H,' for Margaret Hoyt, with a pin, but I guess it won't hurt it. Please, please, dear Jeff, do take it."

She pressed it into his reluctant hand and then throwing her arms around his neck, kissed him with her child lips, saying:

"I will find out who did take the watch, Jeff, and then you will come back."

Before he could answer she was speeding back to the house, her flying curls out on the summer air that wafted to Geoffrey a last—

"Good-by, dear Jeff."

With a heavy heart he went homeward, to tell his sorrow and disgrace. He feared it would almost kill his mother, but after hearing him patiently, she said:

"I had a letter from Albany this morning, Geoffrey, from my father's lawyers. Twenty-five years ago my father cast me off for marrying a poor man. He died without forgiving me but to you he has left his fortune—nearly half a million in money—upon condition you take his name when you are of age. I have packed up your possessions, and we will go to Albany tonight.

"Margaret!"

The voice was sharp and imperative, and Margaret Hoyt, looked up from the task of teaching Alice Bristow her letters, to answer, but before she spoke the beautiful girl who entered the school-room said:

"Margaret, I want you to come and show Elsie how to trim my dress for tonight. Everybody said you had rich exquisite taste before your father failed and died."

The pale, patient face flushed a little at the cruel words, but Laura Bristow did not heed the pain she had given.

"Come now," she said impatiently; "I want to look particularly well, for Willard Wharton is coming. It is the first party since he came from Europe. He has been vegetating in Florence ever so long, with a consumptive mother; but she died a year ago, and after traveling awhile he has come home. Did you know him?"

"I never heard the name."

"Come to think of it, he left long before you came."

Alice's primer was put aside, and Margaret accompanied Laura to the room where her finery was being prepared for a brilliant party a few hours later.

"Miss Hoyt," Miss Bristow said looking up from the cloud of tulle under her fingers, "I wish you to come down to play, and I wish you to wear white lace ruffles and a white flower or two in your hair. That will not interfere with your mourning, but you will look a little less like a mute at a funeral."

To hear was to obey. Mrs. Bristow was a distant connection of Mr. Hoyt's and when he died leaving his only child to poverty, the lady impressed upon stricken Daisy that she was placed under an enormous weight of obligation by being permitted to be governess, lady's maid, general useful factotum in her family.

But the soft violet eyes had lost nothing of their sweetness; the golden hair gathered into a rich knot, was full of waves and ringlets, making tiny baby curls around the delicate oval of her pale face, and the sensitive mouth was still expressive and lovely.

She sighed a little as she put the soft white ruffle into her back dress, and a few white flowers into her hair.

It seems like forgetting poor father," she thought, but yet she knew her appearance had been too gloomy for a festive occasion.

The guest were gathering, and Daisy had gone into a small sitting-room opposite the wide drawing-rooms to wait until she was summoned to sing and play.

She had never been in society in Albany, and knew none of Mr. Bristow's friends, so she was graciously excused from taking any more active part in the social gathering than to amuse by her singing, or help willing feet along by playing dance music.

She was turning over the leaves of a new magazine, quite sure of being uninterrupted when the door opened, and looking up she saw a strange gentleman.

"Pardon me," he said, "I thought this was the drawing-room."

Then, as she lifted her face, he sprang forward.

"Daisy! Daisy!" he said, and not realizing the familiarity of the address, she rose to stretch out both hands, saying.

"Jeff! Is it Jeff?"

"It is Jeff," he answered, "or rather it is Willard Wharton."

Then moving a chair near the one she had occupied, he told her of his grandfather's legacy and the change of name.

"Through good and ill, years of prosperity and the temptation that assails all of us. I have carried a golden talisman, to keep my heart pure and true, that I might some day dare to bring it to your feet," he said.

And through a mist of happy tears she saw him open a large locket hanging to his watch chain. No minature face, no lock of hair was there, but carefully set, a twenty-dollar gold piece, with 'H. M,' scratched with a pin in one corner.

In the drawing room Mrs. Bristow wondered what detained our hero for the evening; but when he came in late she read nothing of the secret that was in his happy eyes.

She saw his courteous attention to her governess, but attributed to the innate courtesy of the young millionaire, and Daisy sang as if inspired, and threw a shower of fantasies into her waltz galop music.

But when Miss Hoyt was asked for in Mr. Wharton's calls, when the stylish turnout that was admired of all Albany stood at the door for Miss Hoyt to drive, Mrs. Bristow grew savage.

"You are too forward with strangers," she told Daisy.

But Mr. Wharton is an old friend. I knew him when I was a little girl, and—and we are to be married in the spring," said blushing Daisy.

And considering Mr. Wharton's wealth and position, and his future wife's probable influence in society, Mrs. Bristow wisely made the best of it, and Daisy was pretty, for "Your great [illegible] a trousseau so said Mrs. Bristow gracefully.

Not until they had been some days married did Willard Wharton say one day carlessly.

"By-the-by, Daisy, was that watch ever found?"

"Yes Felix was arrested six months afterward for stealing some of the plate, and in his trunk was the watch. Papa searched faithfully for you, but you had vanished as if the earth had swallowed you."

"I knew it would turn up somewhere," said Mr. Wharton, quietly, "and perhaps now it is just as well it was missed. If I had not left in disgrace, my darling might not have given me my golden talisman."

Howling Nicaragua Monkeys.

Four howling monkeys from Nicaragua are now at the Zoological Garden at Philadelphia. These animals have a reputation of being able to make more noise in proportion to their size than any other animal yet discovered, except perhaps the tree frog. In their native woods, just before sunrise, these howlers commence, and their dismal cries, it is said, can be heard for miles around. They are enabled to make this terrific noise by reason of a special development of vocal organs. They are small animals and are generally found in South America. Those at the Garden are known as the 'Mantled Howlers,' because of a line of gray hair around the back and sides, and are the most northern of several species. They are the first which have ever been in the Garden, as they are scarce and hard to capture. Besides that, they are very delicate, as was shown by the fact that the four which arrived there are all that was left of fourteen which were sent from Nicaragua. To capture those fourteen little monkeys it took about eighteen men several hours, and necessitated the cutting down of about four acres of trees. A tribe or lot of the animals were observed in the forest, and the method by which they were secured was briefly as follows: The men first surrounded the tribe, so as to drive them as closely together as possible. Then an outside ring of trees were cut down; the fall of which drove the monkeys still closer to the centre. More trees were felled, until but a single clump of two or three trees were left standing, and the monkeys were left sheltered in their branches. Then one after another these trees were cut down so that all the tribe had to take refuge in one tree. The capture of a number of them was then a comparatively easy matter. The four little strangers were placed in one of the cages in the monkey house. With them arrived a "black handed spider monkey," specimens of which have been in the collection before. The name indicates just about what they look like. They have black hands and long arms and legs, which make them resemble a spider very much.

Texas Cattle.

The number of these seem to be increasing astonishingly. The drive into the bordering States this year, was not less than 300,000. The largest percentage of these were one and two-year-old past steers, which are already contracted for in advance, at good prices, with the more northern ranch-men. The animals are said to be in extra-fine condition, and the drive began much earlier this spring than usual, as the mild past winter has been extra-favorable for the growth of pasturage. Yearling steers commanded $6 on the average; two-year-olds and cows $9; three-year-olds $10; beeves, $13. The average worth when market is reached, is estimated at $11 per head, making $3,300,000 for the lot—a goodly round sum for the Texas ranch-men to realize in a single year for their cattle.

How It Strikes 'Em.

If you want to know a man for what he is take him in a hot day. Most everybody has a way of standing cold weather, but when the sun jumps the mercury above eighty-five degrees human nature becomes reckless. A citizen who waited in the shade of the postoffice for a quarter of an hour yesterday had plenty of proofs of this. The first one who approached was a solid business man, his hat on one side and his coat half off. The other day he was crazy on the subject of politics, but yesterday when asked how he liked the nomination, he belched out:

"What in Texas have I got to do with politics? There's too much politics in this country—too blasted much! I wonder what in blazes such weather as this was sent to us for!"

The next man is generally looked upon as a meek and humble-minded citizen. He has been known to buy a dog rather than see it killed, and he refuses to fish because he believes the hook hurts 'em. He came along mopping his brow and trying to get away from a sticky undershirt, and was pleasantly asked if the weather suited him.

"See, here, sir!" he began, as he bristled up like a fighting dog, "I mind my own business and desire other people to mind theirs! I never did strike a man yet, but I want no impudence from you or anyone else!"

The next man was a lawyer. He was asked if he could manage to keep cool, and he turned into the shade, pulled out his handkerchief, and replied:

"Attorney Black insulted me in open court about a month ago, and though I did think I wouldn't pay any attention to it, yet this hot wave has convinced me that it is my duty to slap his mouth on sight! Have you seen him pass here?"

The next man has a local reputation as a jolly, good-hearted fellow, and men have known him for years without hearing him speak a cross word. He toiled along in the hot sun with the perspiration running down his cheeks, and as he reached the shade he was accosted by a bootblack. He took off his hat, wiped his face and then said:

"I believe you are the boy who cut my horses tail off, one night last week, and if you don't go away from me I'll do you a mortal injury!"

There were several other instances going to show that while cold brings out the cheery in man's nature, heat parboils his sentiment and hardens his better feelings. In cold weather men will hunt for a friend to drink with them. In summer they will sneak off alone and go into a saloon by the alley door. Not one man in a hundred will refuse to sign a petition in the winter, but when approached in the red-hot season they won't even listen to two of the twenty-four reasons why they should sign. This mysterious change must have been forcibly felt by a leading citizen, who the other day wrote a postal card saying:

"In May I subscribed, come now I will pay [illegible] after hot weather sets in I'll repudiate the subscription and give you a chance to lick the subscriber."

Bee Ranching in California.

This is a famous country for bees and the making of honey, and at many a breakfast table in distant Europe to-day, the waffle is spread with the sweets that have been filched from the hearts of a thousand California flowers. In the mouth of almost every canon there is a bee ranch or apiary, whose owner grows indolent and prosperous from the labors of his industrious subjects. Here there is no long winter with dearth of flowers, through which the patient workers must be nursed and fed in order that they may live until the opening of the next field season. These bee ranches are models of neatness and domestic comfort, and the profession of bee-keeping is rapidly becoming popular among persons of little physical strength or small financial capital, or both; such as maiden ladies, broken down ministers, bachelor students, and those dilettante farmers who fancy that the royal road to oucolic happiness lies through the flowery beds of a bee pasture. Their expenses are as light as those of a hermit in his cave, and what stores of honey are laid up are so much clear gain, as the bees board themselves while they work, and work unceasingly for the preparation of the winter, which never comes. When the hive is full, the cakes of comb are removed, the liquid is extracted from the cells, and the empty cups are replaced to be filled again and again. This economical process prevents a waste of labor and time in gathering of wax for the building of new bins in the store-house. Walking out in the morning in the green brushwood of these canyons, you hear a loud and continuous buzzing of wings, and, although there may not be a flower in sight, it is as ceaseless and strong as in a buckwheat patch or clover field at home. This humming of bees is nature's tenor voice, as the roaring of the water is her bass. There are cures for homesickness in the bees' monotone even though the authors thereof be perfectly wild, as, indeed, many of these are. In such a country you cannot feel utterly lonesome and lost.

The Chinese Wall.

Mr. Unthank, an American engineer, has been engaged lately making a survey for a Chinese railway, during which he took measurements in many places of the great wall of China. He gives the height at eighteen feet, and the width on top fifteen. Every few hundred yards there is a tower twenty-four feet square and from twenty to forty-five feet high. The foundation of this immense wall is solid granite. The wall goes for 1,300 miles over the mountains, chasms and valleys. It was built to keep out the Tartars. Mr. Unthank brought back with him a brick from this wall, which is supposed to have been made 200 years before Christ. In some places the wall is built smooth up against the canyons or precipices, where there is a sheer descent of one thousand feet. Small streams are arched over, but in the larger streams the wall is built to the water's edge, and a tower is built on each side. To calculate the time of building, or cost of this wall, is beyond human skill. On the top of the wall are breastworks or defenses, facing in and out, so that the defending force can pass from one tower to the other without being exposed to any enemy from either side. So far as the magnitude of the wall is concerned, it surpasses everything in ancient or modern times, of which there is any trace. It is said that the Pyramids of Egypt are nothing compared to it.

Natural History-Modern.

For hundreds of years the wise men of the world vainly tried to find out what alligators were made for. Some supposed they were a parlor ornament on legs; others contended that their mission was to tow sawlogs up and down; and many persons firmly believed that the reptile had no other aim in life than to get hold of a runaway Dutchman. We shall divide the alligator into several sections, in order to study its different points. The head comes first. It is one part head and two parts mouth, this chap being the only living thing that can open his mouth as far as he wants to, and then have lots of spare mouth left. The jaws are built on the sawmill principle. While one is working, the other is resting and getting ready for a soft snap. No one ever experimented to see just how strong an alligator was in his jaws, but when they have been seen to crunch the end off a sawlog, and bend a crow-bar double, you may take it for granted that a small boy's shoulder-blades wouldn't stop their teeth very long. Their teeth are numerous and made on honor. They not only use them to pick up tender infants lost overboard, but to haul prosy old spotted cows off the river bank and put them beyond further pain and sorrow. When an alligator gets a fair hold of you there is only one thing to do—call for the police. In the head are the eyes. They could not grow in a better place to please the reptile. They are so set that he can see before and behind him, and there is no danger of their getting blacked in a free fight. If the eyes took up more room there wouldn't be so much mouth; therefore the eyes are no larger than those of a dog. The legs of an alligator are short and stout, it not being supposed that he would ever participate in a walking match. He uses them with equal facility on land or water, and but very few cork-legs have ever been seen in use among them. It might have been just as well had these reptiles been built on the principle of the camel or the giraffe, but we must not complain of Nature's ways. The body and tail are covered with an extra roof to protect the alligator from bailstones and brick-bats, and it's no use to shoot beans at him from the top of a high bank. It has been asserted that a bullet cannot penetrate this thick skin, but if you ever get sight of one of the gentry pop your bullet at him from any point of the compass. If they don't kill him they will certainly cause sorrowful thoughts, and perhaps lead to a resolution to reform. The tail is firmly fastened to the body, and is both ornamental and useful. The day may not be far distant when we shall walk down to the placid waters at evening-time to gaze on a race of bob-tailed alligators, but just at present they have lots of use for these pieces of personal property. It is said that they can knock a man end over end with one sweep of the tail, but they are seldom mean enough to do it. Alligators eat most everything which comes in their way and make no complaints. No prefer to put in any spare time they have in the company of such men as they can lay hold of. Their habits are very regular; their conduct all that can be expected, and they stick to business till the pond dries up. As a general rule if you are up in a tree and the alligator is in a pond he is not inclined to meddle with your affairs, but you can rouse his curiosity and his belligerent disposition very quickly by dropping down and trying to use him as a ferry boat. He no doubt gets along just as well as if he had been a clam or an oyster, and don't you put faith in any historian who tries to make you believe that the reptile sighs for any change beyond that of diet.

A Walrus Hunt.

Three of these large animals were observed on a piece of ice, their large, ungainly forms stretched out, lazily enjoying their siesta. Volunteers were not wanting for the purpose of attempting their capture; but, as an indiscriminate attack would only lead to failure, it was determined to dispatch one of the whale-boats, specially fitted with a harpoon, gun and all the necessary implements and gear for securing these animals, in order to effect in a more organized and skilful manner the object we had in view. Great difficulty was experienced in approaching our prey, as the boat had to be hauled over loose fragments of ice, and pushed through a sludgy consistency of soft ice, snow and water, in which the oars were useless; so that it was feared the unavoidable noise would disturb and frighten them away. At length, after much trouble and no little exertion, we succeeded in getting within about eight yards, so sound was their repose, without exciting the least suspicion in their minds that danger was lurking in their vicinity. At that distance, however, they evinced a degree of restlessness, by lifting their shaggy heads and uttering jerky spasmodic snorts, that showed us only too plainly a retreat was meditated. Selecting the largest of the three of his victims our harpooner carefully laid his gun. A moment of breathless suspense followed, to be relieved by the report of a gun, a roar of pain and rage, and the disappearance in the water of the three walrusses, while the piece of ice, on which a moment before they had been reposing, was covered with blood, convincing us that our shaft had taken effect. If any further proof was required in corroboration of this fact, a tugging at the line and the sudden moving of the boat was sufficient. Lances and rifles were quickly seized; for these animals, when wounded and maddened by pain, are ugly and dangerous customers, and have frequently been known to rip the planks out of a boat with their formidable tusks, and thus seriously endanger the lives of the crew. We had not long to wait; a disturbance in the water close alongside denoted that our victim was coming to the surface. An instant after, his bearded face, with every expression of infuriated rage and demoniacal hate, his fiery eyes glaring with vengeance, appeared, and was immediately saluted with two or three rifle bullets. This warm reception served only to incense and irritate him, and he tried hard to wreak his vengeance on the boat; but his enemies were too powerful, and with the united aid of bullets and lance thrusts, the unwielded beast was forced to succumb to the superior power of his human antagonists. Towing the great carcass back to the ship, it was hauled on the floe and quickly flinched. The blubber and flesh were packed in barrels, making a very welcome addition to the small amount of food that we had on board for our dogs.

A MAN was boasting that he had an elevator in his house. "So he has," chimed his wife; "and he keeps it in the cupboard, in a bottle."

Assassinationof the Duke of Buckingham

The duke now prepared to go out to his carriage, which was waiting at the door, and as he went through the hall, still followed by the French gentlemen, Colonel Friar whispered something in his ear. He turned to listen, and at the same moment a knife was plunged into his heart and left there sticking. Plucking it out with the word "Villain!" he fell covered with blood. His servants, who caught him as he was falling, thought it was a stroke of appoplexy, but the blood, both from the wound and from his mouth, quickly undeceived them. Then an alarm was raised; some ran to close the gates, and others rushed forth to spread the news. The Duchess of Buckingham and her sister, the Countess of Anglesses, heard the noise in their chamber and ran into the gallery of the lobby, where they saw the duke lying in his gore. He was only in his six-and-thirtieth year. The first suspicion fell upon the French, and they were in great danger from the duke's people; but when a number of officers came rushing in, crying out, "Where is the villain? Where is the butcher?" a man stepped calmly forward, saying, "I am the man—here I am!" He had quietly withdrawn into the kitchen as soon as he had done the deed, and might have escaped had he so willed. On hearing him avow the murder the officers drew their swords, and would have dispatched him, but were prevented by the secretary Carleton, Sir Thomas Morton, and others, who stood guard over him to the Governor's house. The assassin turned out to be John Felton, a gentleman by birth and education, who had been a lieutenant in the army during the expedition to the Isle of Rhe. He had thrown up his commission because he could not obtain the arrears of his pay, and had seen another at the same time promoted over his head. He had, therefore, most likely, a personal grudge against the duke, but had also been led on by religious fanaticism. He was a stout, dark, military-looking man, from Suffolk; but, according to his own account, was first excited to the deed by reading the remonstrance of the Parliament against the duke, when it seemed to him that that remonstrance was a sufficient warrant for the act, and that by ridding the country of him he should render a real service to it. He described himself as walking in London on Tower Hill, when he saw a broad hunting knife on a cutler's stall, and that it was suggested to him instantly to buy it for this purpose. At Portsmouth one of the royal chaplains was sent to him in his dungeon, where he lay heavily ironed; but Felton, supposing the chaplain sent to draw something from him rather than for his consolation, said: "Sir, I shall be brief with you; I killed him for the cause of God and my country." The chaplain, to mislead him, told him what was not true, that the surgeons gave hope of his life; but Felton promptly replied, "That is impossible! I had the power of people crowded to see him, showering blessings upon him as the deliverer of his country, and one old woman at Kingston said: "Now God bless thee, little David!" meaning that he had killed Goliah.

Got Even With Him.

Mr. Ketten was invited to a party at the house of a gilt edger, a large importing merchant in San Francisco, and attended the same with his wife, as would any other expected guest. To his surprise, however, he found the company sitting solemnly around as though in a concert hall, and himself at once pressed to "play something" by his host. The courteous Frenchman complied, and, in response to repeated requests, continued to entertain the company for nearly two hours. When at last he was thoroughly fatigued, supper was announced, whereupon the host arose and said: "You've got piano punching down fine, Ketton, old fellow. Now if you'll play these young folks a few quadrilles and polkas while the balance of us go down to hash, I'll send up Martha Louse to relieve you presently; or, if you like, you can have something sent up, and eat it right here on the piano. I first kinder calculated to have engaged a couple of fiddlers, but the old lady said she thought you wouldn't mind. I'll make it all right with you when you go." The astounded artist gazed at the speaker (who was well known to have been a barkeeper in the "good old days") for a few moments was utterly dumbfounded; then, controling himself he gravely turned his back and began playing dance music as requested. When the company had all assembled in he parlors, he raised his voice and said: "Pray let some whiskey, lemons and sugar be brought in." It was done. "Now, then," said Mr. Ketten, fixing his eyes on the host—"now, then, mix up some cocktails, my good fellow; every man to his trade." There was an awful silence, and then the shoddycrat, with a ghastly attempt to carry off the joke, prepared the drink and handed it to the musician. The latter drank the beverage critically. "You're losing practice, my good man; the fellow at the hotel bar does much better. There, you may keep the change," and tossing the almost asphyxiated millionare a half-dollar, he put his wife under his arm and walked out.

Raising a Weaver

Jojee was a tramp, and hungry. Happening to pass one day in a village where the women were wailing, he noticed the preparations for a funeral. In hopes of getting something to eat, Jojee said to the relatives: "Would thou have the dead restored to life?" Then all the relatives said, "Yes, that would we." "Place me," said Jojee the tramp, "in the room next to the dead man. Bring me good cheer, so that I may propitiate the reanimating angels. Most especially put there a pot of the finest honey, three loaves of the whitest bread and a flask of the purest oil."

That the relatives did. Jojee, the tramp, bid them retire. Jojee, the tramp, then eat until his appetite was satisfied. Then he uttered many shrieks and howls. The relatives waited long and patiently.

At lenghth Jojee called in the people. "Tell me," asked Jojee, "what was the exact calling of the deceased?"

"A weaver was he by trade," the relatives replied.

"A weaver," cried Jojee, the tramp. "Why did you not tell me so? There is honey and bread and oil wasted. Had he been a tinker, a tailor, or a cobbler I might have brought the dead man to life—but a weaver! I never could do anything with a weaver!"

Solid Stimulation.

In an apparent affect of some kinds of fertilizers, as salt and gypsum, on certain soils, there seems to be something like stimulation, bnt the effect is on the soil rather on the plant. Salt is a powerful solvent, and its beneficial effect is often due, and perhaps always, to its ability to make available the latent mineral fertility of the soil. By the use of salt, the insoluble compounds of potash and phosphate may be released and put in shape for the roots of plants to take them up. Or it may be that salt decomposes vegetable matter and releases ammonia in some form available for plant food. The crop may be immensely benefitted by a dressing of salt, and yet scarcely a particle of anything in the salt itself may be found by analysis of straw and grain. This however, cannot be called stimulating the crop, for the plants grew as they were fed as truly as if the feeding had been a dressing blast of manure instead of something to develop the latent fertility of the soil. It might indeed be said that the soil was stimulated to produce more than it naturally would, and that in time unless real manure were added, these stimulating fertilizers would cease to produce any effect. But when we look at the subject in this light, we shall find that all manures act as soil stimulants, that is, they help to decompose and make available the plant food already in the soil. When stable manure decomposes, its carbonic acid gas helps to decompose the particles of soil with which it comes in contact. So, too, in a still greater degree with the clover or grain herbage plowed under in June. The advantage of a well-worked summer fallow, is in exposing as much soil as possible so the influences of nature to make its fertility more available. Yet there are many farmers who scout the idea of using concentrated manures because they help to exhaust the soil, but who think everything of the naked fallow whose effect is even worse, for the concentrated manure really adds some fertility, while all that the crop takes from the naked fallow has been get by coaxing the soil to part with more of its strength than it naturally would.

Charles Lever.

A man named Nixon, at Dublin, had a mule, whose services he placed at the disposal of his friends, but the mount was always accepted with misgivings, for the animal was the most vicious of her tribe. The operation of grooming could only be conducted with safety to life and limb by the restraint of an iron muzzle, and with a fore leg tied up. Bridling and saddling and mounting were managed from a loft above, and the animal was backed into the open air and not freed from restraint until a clear stage was reached, where man and beast might try conclusions as to mastery. This was no child's play, for the brute's nose would seem to touch the ground, while its heels appeared high in the air. When [illegible] started, the animal seemed to like the work, and she was fleet, sure-footed, had the activity of a cat, and followed sport with the keenness of a dog. A pause, however, or a lull in the amusement was always dangerous; she would have time to remember her vices, and recommence their practice. The movement was commonly stern foremost, the hind legs flourishing in advance in a manner that meant mischief. In this fashion, on one occasion, Lever, being the rider, a farm house was entered, such slight obstacles as chairs and tables being easily kicked aside. A "dresser," the pride of the family, with its furniture of crockery, was dislodged from its fastenings by these formidable heels, and fell to the ground, with plates and dishes, mugs and porringers, scattered and shattered. Many were the devices that were tried, but failed, to secure eviction, when the strong measure of igniting bushes of furze under and behind the animal was resorted to. When Lever emerged from the smoke, still mounted he was greeted with loud cheers; and, with the assent of a chorus of sponsors, the animal previously called Blazes was re-christened "Knock-a-crockery," in memory of the event.

Good Preacher.

He was a brand new office boy, young, pretty-faced, with golden ringlets and blue eyes. Just such a boy as one would imagine would be taken out of his trundle-bed in the middle of the night and transported beyond the stars. The first day he glanced over the library in the editorial room, became acquainted with everybody, knew all the printers, and went home in the evening as happy and as cheery as a sunbeam. The next day he appeared, leaned out of the back window, expectorated on a bald-headed printer's pate, tied the cat up by the tail in the hallway, had four fights with another boy, borrowed two dollars from an occupant of the building, saying his mother was dead, collected his two day's pay from the cashier, hit the janitor with the broomstick, pawned a coat belonging to a member of the editorial staff, wrenched the knobs off the doors, upset the ice-cooler, pied three galleys of type, and mashed his finger in the small press. On the third day a note was received saying: "Mi Mother do not want I to work in such a dull place. She says I Would make Good preacher, so Do i, my finger is Better; gone fishin.' Yours Till Deth do Yank us."

Mary's Little Lamb.

The veritable "Mary (who) had a little lamb whose fleece was white as snow" visited the Old South Spinning Bee, Mass., recently and told the ladies present the story of the lamb. When she was nine years old and was living on a farm, one morning she went out into the barn where she found two little lambs, one of them nearly dead. So she took it into the house and sat up all night nursing it. The next morning the lamb could stand on its feet, and grew stronger every day. Owing to her loving care the lamb became so attached to Mary that it followed her about and one day to school, where she hid it under her desk, so that the teacher did not know it was in school until Mary was called up to recite. Then the lamb came out from its hiding place, and made the children laugh and shout so that the teacher was obliged to turn it out. The poem was written by a friend of Mary's (the venerable Mrs. Sarah Josepha Hale,) soon after the lamb's visit to the school room. Mary was married many years since, and lives near Boston. She brought in some of the first fleece of her famous little pet.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 22., 1880.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,..	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
1 column,...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	45 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.
Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER, Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. W. H. Hartman will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.,—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Quarterly meeting at Spruce town next Saturday and Sunday.

Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning. German.

United Brethren.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning. German.

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.—F. D. Luse supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, N. G

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Official Directory

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Mondays of January, April, August and November.

President Judge—Hon. Chas. A. Mayer, Lock Haven.
Additional Law Judge—Hon. John H. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Associate Judges—Hons. Samuel Frank, John Dlven.
Prothonotary—J. C. Harper.
Register of Wills and Clerk of O. C.—W. E. Treasurer—Adam Yearick.
County Surveyor—Joseph Devling.
[illegible]—Joseph Adams
County Commissioners—Andrew Gregg, George Swab, Jacob Dunkle.
Clerk to County Commissioners—Henry Beck.
Attorney to County Commissioners—C. M. Bower.
Janitor of the Court House—Bartrim Galbraith.
County Auditors—James T. Stewart, George R. Williams, Thomas B. Jamison.
Jury Commissioners—John Shannon, David W. Kline.
Superintendent of Public Schools—Prof. Henry Meyer.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1880.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N. W.,	Wm. Galbraith,	Bellefonte
" S. W.,	W C Heinle,	"
" W W.,	Wm Harper,	"
Milesburg,	Frank E Bible,	Milesburg
Unionville,	P J McDonnell,	Unionville
Howard,	A J Gardner,	Howard
Philipsburg,	C G Herlinger,	Philipsb'g
Millheim,	J H Reifsnyder,	Millheim
Benner,	Uriah Stover,	Bellefonte
Boggs,	Jas A McClain,	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm Heverly,	Pine Glenn
College,	Sam'l Gilliland,	Boalsburg
Curtin,	David Delong,	Howard
Ferguson, O. P.,	Dan Driebelbis,	State Col.
" N. P.,	O M Sheets,	Stormston
Gregg,	L M Rishel,	Spring M's
Haines,	George Keister,	Aaronsb'g
Halfmoon,	John Ward,	Stormsto'n
Harris,	Sam'l Ishler,	Boalsburg
Howard,	David Tanyer,	Howard
Huston,	H G Chronister,	Martha
Liberty,	W H Gardner,	Blanchard
Marion,	John Hoy, Jr.,	Walker
Miles,	Sam'l K Faust,	Millheim
Patton,	G W Rumberger,	Fillmore
Penn,	W F Smith,	Millheim
Potter, N. P.,	D F Luse,	Centre Hall
" S. P.,	G W Spangler,	Tusseyv'e
Rush,	William Cullen,	Philipsb'g
Snow Shoe,	John G Uzzle,	Snow Shoe
Spring,	E C Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor,	Samuel Hoover,	Fowler
Union,	J S Fredericks,	Fleming
Walker,	Samuel Decker,	Zion
Worth,	G G Williams,	P'Matilda

J. L. SPANGLER, Chairman.
FRANK E. BIBLE, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET,

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.
Of Pennsylvania.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. WM. H. ENGLISH,
Of Indiana.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,
GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson Co,
AUDITOR GENERAL,
ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

WHAT HANCOCK'S CANDIDACY MEANS.

Senator Pendleton, of Ohio.

Hancock's candidacy means peace, a true fraternal Union, obedience to the Constitution with all its amendments, a government and a country benificent alike to all its people, and beloved by all alike, a cessation of fraternal strife, a cessation of sectional difficulties, a cessation of the era of construction and reconstruction, attention to the measures of administration so as to perform, either by action or non-action that duty which has always been so dear to the Democratic party, of exalting the individual and redressing all the wrongs which law or lawlessness has inflicted on him. It means peace at the polls without the presence of an army to preserve it; it means a free ballot to every citizen, white and colored, native and naturalized, without marshals to electioneer with him or supervisors to intimidate him; means free elections, fair counts, peaceful inaugurations; it means to reverse the ways of the Republican party, to uncover its corruptions, to rectify its errors and to restore to the government the simplicity, the honesty, the frugality of the Farmer Republic which our fathers created. It means in one word, to garner and to gather and to combine the blessings of that Union which Hancock saved at Gettysburg and of that civil liberty which he established at New Orleans. And, as his candidacy means the hope of this blessed change, so his election would secure its full fruition.

The Next President Officially Notified of His Nomination.

NEW YORK, July 13th, 1880.—The steamer Fletcher having on board members of the committee of the Democratic National Convention, some members of the Democratic National Committee, quite a number of members of the Democratic congressional campaign committee and many prominent politicians, landed at Governor's Island at 1:40 p. m. The party proceeded to the General's residence and upon being ushered into the parlors, General Stockton, addressing Gen. Hancock, said:

Gen. Stockton's Remarks.

GEN. HANCOCK: I have the honor to introduce to you Gov. Stevenson, chairman of the Democratic National Convention, recently assembled at Cincinnati. I have also the honor of presenting to you the committee appointed by that body to wait upon you to notify you of your unanimous nomination to the highest office in the gift of the people. It is a source of great satisfaction to the committee in making their announcement to you, to say that your nomination was not secured by the solicitation of personal or political friends, but was the spontaneous action of that convention, actuated by patriotic duty. One of the ablest and wisest bodies of your countrymen ever assembled has given you this nomination with perfect unanimity; and, General, since that convention has adjourned, we of that committee have been to our homes, we have seen our constituents, the Democratic masses and the conservative people of this country, and with one accord they ratify the action of that convention. So we are bound to believe as we do, that your election will be an accomplished fact. We cannot doubt it, and we believe that when the election is over the great principles of American liberty will still be the inheritance of this people and shall be forever. And now in the name of the National Democratic party, by virtue of the power entrusted to this committee by the convention, as its chairman I have the honor to hand to the secretary a communication in writing informing you officially of your nomination.

General Stockton then handed to the secretary of the committee, Mr. Bell, the address signed by the committee, after which it was handed to Gen. Hancock.

Gen. Hancock replied as follows:

Gen. Hancock's Speech.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE:—I appreciate the honor conferred upon me by the Democratic National Convention lately assembled in Cincinnati, and I thank you for your courtesy in making that known to me. As soon as the importance of the matter permits I will prepare and send to you a formal acceptance of my nomination for the office of President of the United States. [Applause.]

Those present were introduced to Gen. Hancock, who had a few words of welcome for each of them. After about ten minutes spent in hand-shaking General Stockton, to Hon. Wm. H. English, said:

"The Cincinnati convention, with a unanimity unparalleled, appointed us a committee to wait upon you in person and inform you in writing of your nomination. I now have the honor to congratulate ourselves on the event and to present to you, on the part of the committee, in reply spoke as follows:

Remarks of Mr. English.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION:—As a practical business man not much accustomed to the indirection of action or circumlocution of speech, I will say plainly and in few words that I accept the high trust which you have tendered me with feelings of profound gratitude, and that I will at an early date formally and in writing make the acceptance of which I am informed, as is usual on such occasions. In doing this I fully realize the great responsibility of the situation, the care, turmoil, anxiety, misrepresentation and abuse which are certain to follow, and I understand thoroughly that all the resources and power of our political foes from all parts of the land will be concentrated against us in Indiana, my native state, where the first grand battle is to be fought, and probably the most important of all. But these are great occasions when the discharge of high patriotic duties is to be considered above all present consideration, and I shall not disregard the unanimous voice of the representatives of a majority of the American people for which you speak to-day. [Applause.]

I am profoundly grateful for the high honor which has been conferred, and I have an abiding faith that with the favor of God and of the people we shall succeed in this contest.

The speaker was applauded at the close of his remarks and then followed another general hand-shaking, after which the party again boarded the steamer and left the island.

The grandson of Gen. Hancock lay dead in the house at the time, hence the ceremony was necessarily shortened. When the committee started for Governor's Island they did not know of the General's sad bereavement.

MRS. HANCOCK.

Personal Characteristics of the Wife of the Democratic Candidate for President.

From the New York Graphic.

Mrs. Hancock, the wife of the General, is a few years his junior in age and as a woman is as imposing in appearance as he is as a man. Tall and well proportioned, with a most winsome smile, a manner that puts you at your ease at once and a pair of eyes that animate every line of a handsome face, she is still a beauty, although her hair is becoming streaked with gray. She was married when the General was but a young lieutenant doing duty in the far West. It was entirely a love match, and neither of them have since regretted it—in fact, their home is one of the happiest imaginable. Mrs. Hancock has always been opposed to her husband's becoming a candidate for the Presidency, and she is even above the weakness of wishing to be the mistress of the White House. She dreads the worry of the canvass, and if her husband is elected she thinks that the honor which the position brings will be dearly purchased by the renunciation of all domestic life for four years to come and of his position as senior major general and his chances of soon becoming chief of the army. While she prefers her own home existence, however, there is no one better qualified to play the hostess on a grand scale than she. A society belle, even after her marriage, she has all the self-confidence and resources needed to entertain the most varied company. There is nothing in the range of conversation about which she does not know something. Her greatest charm, however, is—and it is the General's also—the art of making every individual atom feel as if he were the one sole object of her attentions.

Washington Letter.

Washington D. C. July 17th 1880.

Though Republican papers are not usually free in their expressions of opinions concerning the head of their ticket, it must be admitted that the least of them speak unreservedly in condemnation of parts of General Garfield's letter of acceptance. The party "platform" being nothing but a string of platitude, these papers had naturally looked to the candidate's letter for a statement of principles instead of which they find, so they say, evasion and still more platitudes. Only the blind party papers, commend the letter unreservedly, and they would have commended it if Garfield had simply sent out as his acceptance, the ten commandments, reversed.

General Hancock's letter is not yet published, but since Garfield's has fallen so flat, it is looked for with special interest. We may be sure in advance, that if it goes beyond mere formal acceptance, it will state exactly what the General believes, therein differing from Garfield's. We know it will condemn sectionalism, therein being the opposite of Garfield's and that he will follow, the Democratic platform in denouncing centralization, and will assert that States of the Union should have at least such "home rule" as that which portions of monarchies every where are clamoring for. It will indicate the difference between a time of war, and a time of peace, giving preference to the letter. But the General, knowing that all intelligent Americans understand his position and that of the party on those subjects, and others of importance, may confine himself to an acceptance of a nomination given him with the greater heartiness because, indeed, his oppinions were so well known. At any rate, the letter will be written to state something clearly, and Garfield's was not.

The two duties of the administration just now seem to be the collection of per centages from goverment employees for the benefit of the radical campaign fund and arrangement of a programme for active participations by Mr. Hayes, and his cabinet in the effort to elect Garfield. If money enough can be wrenched from these people, and other amounts can be bargained for from the capitalists of the East, we shall have the most profligate radical camdaign ever known.

CARROLL.

HANCOCK'S LOUISIANA ORDER.

What Judge Black Thought and Said at the Time.

MY DEAR GENERAL: THIS MOMENT I read your admirable order. I am much engaged, but I cannot resist the temptation to steal time enough from my clients to tell you how grateful you have made me by your patriotic and noble behavior. Yours is the first, most distinct and most emphatic recognition which the principles of American liberty has received at the hands of any high officer in a southern command. It has the very ring of the revolutionary metal. Washington never said a thing in better taste or better time. It will prove to all men that "Peace hath her victories not less renowned than those of war." I congratulate you not because it will make you the most popular man in America (for I dare say you care nothing about that), but because it will give you through all time the solid reputation of a true patriot and a sincere lover of your country, its laws and its government. This, added to your brilliant achievements as a soldier, will leave you without a rival in the affections of all whose good will is worth having, and give you a place in history which your children will be proud of.

This acknowledgment from me does not amount to much, but I am expressing only the feelings of millions, and expressing them freely at that.

With profound respect I am yours, etc., J. S. BLACK.

To Major General Hancock.

ANTICIPATING THE RESULT.—Hand and English will certainly receive the 138 electoral votes of the southern states. They will also propably get the votes of the following northern and western states:

Connecticut	6	Indiana	15
New York	35	California	6
New Jersey	9	Oregon	3
Pennsylvania	29		
Southern states			138
Total			241

This would leave to the Republican candidates 128 votes, giving the Democrats a majority of 113.

Nobody need borrow any trouble about the way of counting these votes. They will be counted by the two houses of Congress, according to the constitution. No electoral commision will interfere.—*N. Y. Sun.*

RUSSELL HANCOCK, the candidate's son, was not more than twenty years old when he married Miss May Gwynn, one of the belles of Louisville. Miss Gwynn's father, an ex Confederate, opposed the marriage on the ground that young Hancock was the son of "a Yankee general." Young Hancock ferried his bride over the Ohio one night eight years ago and they were married on the Indiana shore. The stern old father gave in after the elopement. Neither General nor Mrs. Hancock knew of the affair for several months.

One of the most urgent demands of our time is a system of education which shall train the young to apply their school learning. At the Pennsylvania State College practical instruction in Agriculture, Horticulture, Botany, Zoology, Mechanist, Chemistry, etc; is given, and thus theory in the class room is applied and enforced by experience in the field and laboratory. Spring session opens April 9th. For catalogue and full information address the Business Manager, State College, Centre Co., Pa. tf

The Bayard family are born Senators. A grandfather, two sons, and a grandson have held the position. To be a Bayard and not a Senator is not to be thought of. It is one of the advantages of a small State, that there is not room for many large men.

General Hancock is a twin. His twin brother, Hilary Hancock, is a lawyer at Minneapolis, Minn. When young the brothers looked so much alike that they could scarcely be distinguished.

Colonel Thomas A. Scott is a warm friend and admirer of General Hancock and will heartily support him for President.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—The undersigned administrator of the estate of Peggy Bright, late of Aaronsburg, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, on Monday, August 16th, 1880, all the interest of decedent in the following real estate, viz:

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND WITH HOUSE thereon, situate in said Aaronsburg, adjoining land of A. A. Confer, Lutheran graveyard, public road and alley, containing about one fourth acre.

Also, A PIECE OF LAND at Aaronsburg, adjoining lands of Israel Weaver, George Bright and James P. Coburn, containing about three and a half acres.

Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day when terms will be made known by
GEORGE BRIGHT, Administrator.

STRAYED OR LOST.—Four sheep and four lambs have strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, near Aaronsburg, since May 30th. Two sheep and one lamb are black. Any person finding these sheep is kindly requested to give information to me.
JACOB DUNKLE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of David Titlow, late of the borough of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.
ISRAEL CONFER, Administrator.
28-6t

A VALUABLE HOME AT PRIVATE SALE!

The undersigned offers at private sale his Valuable Home, about one mile north west of Millheim, containing

SEVENTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

7 acres of which are cleared and under good cultivation, and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a good, new

[illegible] in best condition. It is one of the most convenient and desirable homes in Pennsvalley. For price and terms call on
tf H. C. FRANKENBERGER.

PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned one of the Executors of the Estate of George Shmeltzer, dec'd, will offer at private sale, that

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

situated in the town of Madisonburg, Centre county, Pa., consisting of six¼ acre lots, a SPLENDID DWELLING House good stable, all necessary outbuildings, choice fruit on the premises, and all the conveniences of a pleasant home, also a tract of woodland about 1 mile northeast of said town, containing about one hundred acres, well timbered with oak, pine and chestnut. Known as the property of George Shmeltzer, dec'd.
ADAM SHAFER, Jr., Executor.
25-4t

UNDERTAKING.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of this neighborhood that they have engaged in the undertaking business. They are prepared to fill all calls in this line at any time and would kindly solicit a share of patronage. A Full Line of

COFFINS & CASKETS

always on hand, which we are also ready to furnish to other undertakers at reasonable prices.
SHOP ON PENN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.
LOSE, HARTER & CO.

FREE Outfit to agents of 3 doz. fast selling articles, sent to every person answering this adv., and enclosing 4 3-ct. stamps to pay postage and packing. This is honest. We refer the public to Postmaster, or any business house in this place.
American Manuf'g Co,
25-3 m 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

OPIUM HABIT Cured by the only true cure, in less time and at less cost than by any other means. No suffering or inconvenience. Treatment shipped to any part of the U. S. or Canadas. Full particulars free. Address.
(Established 1865) B. S. DISPENSARY, Berrien Springs, Mich

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the City.)
COR. MAIN AND JAY ST.,
Lock Haven, Pa.,
S. WOODS CALDWELL, PROPRIETOR

Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Traveler on first floor.

CONSUMPTION CURED
BY
CRUDE PETROLEUM PILLS.
Gained 29 lbs. weight in two months.

POWHATTAN C. H., VA., April, 1880.
DR. M. MILTON:
Dear Sir—After having been sick twelve months, and tried the best physicians of the country without doing me the least good, I tried your CRUDE PETROLEUM PILLS. When I commenced taking them I caughed almost incessantly, had hemmorrhage, night sweats, etc. I weighed 114 lbs. After taking the Pills two months the cauch and night sweats ceased and had no hemorrhages, and weighed 143 lbs.
Yours, respectfully.
FRED. C. DUNN.

Thousands of cases like the above.
The Pills are also a positive cure for chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all Lung and Throat troubles.
TRIAL BOXES, 25 CTS. LARGE BOXES (120 pills) $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price, with directions. Address
DR. M. MILTON,
21-3m IRVING, N. Y.

PENSIONS! Every Soldier disabled in disease, or injury, is entitled to pension. Pensions date back to time of discharge or death of soldier. Claims of all description prosecuted. Copies of lost discharges obtained. Claims filed by attorneys who have since died, or from other causes have ceased to practice, finished without delay. Address, with stamp, H. S. BERLIN & CO., Attorneys, Washington, D. C.
P. O. Box, 592. 21-3m

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, May 30th, 1880, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia		11 55 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg		4 25 a. m.
"	" Williamsport		8 35 a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore.		9 07 a. m.
"	" Lock Haven.		9 40 a. m.
"	" Renovo		11 00 a. m.
"	arr. at Erie		7 55 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia		9 00 a. m.
"	" Harrisburg		12 20 a. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p. m.
"	" Lock Haven.		4 20 p. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia		11 50 a. m.
"	" Harrisburg		3 35 p. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport		7 25 p. m.
"	" Lock Haven		8 40 p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..		6 45 a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore..		7 15 a. m.
"	" Williamsport.		7 55 a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg...		11 40 a. m.
"	" Philadelphia.		3 15 p. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..		11 10 a. m.
"	" Williamsport		12 20 p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg..		3 40 p. m.
"	" Philadelphia		6 45 p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo		8 40 p. m.
"	" Lock Haven		9 50 p. m.
"	" Williamsport		11 10 p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg		2 45 a. m.
"	" Philadelphia		7 40 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport		12 25 a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg		3 50 a. m.
"	" Philadelphia		7 40 a. m.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and East Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with trains for N. Y. & Erie; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R.; at Renovo with trains between Philadelphia and Williamsport and Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.

LEAVE	1. A. M.	3. P. M.	5. P. M.
Montandon	7 60	2 60	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 20	2 30	
Biehl	7 25	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Millinourg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Millinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laurelton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

EASTWARD.

LEAVE	2. A. M.	4. A. M.	6. P. M.
Spring Mills		10 20	
Coburn		10 45	
Laurelton		11 55	4 05
Millmont		12 06	4 20
Millinburg Arrive		12 30	4 40
Millinburg Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg		12 45	5 05
Biehl		12 52	5 13
Fair Ground		1 02	5 23
Lewisburg Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg Leave	6 35	1 20	5 45
Arr. at Montandon	6 50	1 30	6 00

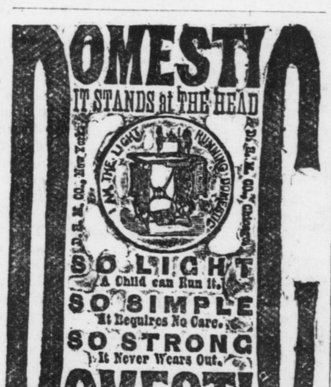
Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

Nos. 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.

Nos. 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.

An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.

DOMESTIC
IT STANDS at THE HEAD


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1883 LADIES' POLONAISE. 9 Sizes. 30 to 46 inches. Bust Measure. Price, 35 Cents.

They are especially designed to meet the requirements of those who desire to dress well. They are unsurpassed in Style, perfect in Fit, and so simple that they are readily understood by the most inexperienced. Send 5c. for catalogue. Address,

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NEW YORK.

THE NEW YORK WORLD
FIRST, LAST AND ALL THE TIME
FOR
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THE WEEKLY WORLD will contain each and every week the fullest and most complete telegraphic reports of the progress of the political campaign from each and every State in the Union. These despatches will be telegraphed from the Headquarters of each Democratic State Committee, and will accurately report the exact progress of the great fight for grand old Democratic ideas under the lead of Hancock and English. Every Democrat in the land must keep posted about what is being done all over the country to secure an overwhelming victory at the polls next November.

HELP ON THE GOOD FIGHT!

THE WEEKLY WORLD
will be sent to your address from now until the end of the campaign for
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
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NONE BETTER MADE BY ANY COMPANY AT ANY PRICE.
A Machine you can depend upon every day you use it.
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PRICE ONLY $20.00.

perfect in every feature, complete in all its details, and without the faults of many other machines. So strong and durable it will stand the roughest usage and continuous wear without becoming out of order or requiring any repairs, and will last until the next century begins. Is sensibly made upon sound principles and so simple and easy, it is a pleasure to run it. Easy to learn, easy to manage, and

ALWAYS READY TO DO ITS WORK!!!

All the working parts are manufactured from the best steel, and are interchangeable; if one part gives out or breaks, from any cause, another can be inserted without cost or delay. Workmanship as fine as the best skilled labor can produce. We build no inferior goods. Every machine shipped from factory in perfect condition, and thoroughly warranted for five years. A complete set of new attachments—ten pieces—Hemmers, Binders, Tuckers, Quilters, Rufflers, &c., for all kinds of work, given free with each machine. Extra large shuttle, with bobbins that hold an ordinary spool of thread. The Most Stylish, Reliable and Satisfactory Machine ever invented for ALL KINDS OF FAMILY WORK, from finest *Cambric* to *Leather*, with all kind of thread. It does more work at less cost and labor than any other, and is the CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD. This Machine, so Simple, Powerful, and Perfect and Mechanism, is the Most Economical and Durable, and the EASIEST MACHINE IN THE MARKET TO SELL—its merits recommend it at once. Machines shipped to any point for examination before payment.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN. Territory will be granted, *free*, to good agents, in localities not already occupied. Descriptive Books, with engravings of each style, prices, and specimens of stitching mailed on application to the office of the
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AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

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HARRIS'S
Standard Store,
235 MARKET ST.,
LEWISBURG, PA.,
ALWAYS AHEAD!

No old Stock or shopworn Goods!
EVERYTHING NEW!
APPERTAINING TO THE SEASON.

Having made early Spring purchases, we are enabled to offer our patrons a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of the following articles, and a comparison of our prices with other establishments is respectfully solicited.

EVERYTHING MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES, AND Strictly ONE Price!

Spring Hats and Bonnets IN ALL GRADES!
Ribbons, Silks and SATINS!
Feathers & Flowers
AN ENDLESS ASSORTMENT OF
Laces and Embroideries
25 per cent below regular prices.
GLOVES, HOSIERY AND CORSETS!
SILK, LINEN AND CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS!
ALL THE NOVELTIES IN LADIES' NECKWARE!
A FULL LINE OF
DRESS BUTTONS!
REAL AND IMITATION
HAIR GOODS!
Zephyrs,
Germantown Wools,
Chromo & other Mottoes!
BLACK WALNUT
Picture Frames
IN ALL SIZES, A SPECIALITY,
AT FULLY 50 PER CENT. LESS THAN ELSEWHERE.

We will receive daily during the Spring and Summer Season additions to the above.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS
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White Sewing Machine

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO
54,853 Machines.
NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH
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It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine
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AGENTS WANTED to sell this, the first, cheapest, best and the only authentic low priced book containing the lives of
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The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 22., 1880

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—A camp meeting will begin near Booneville, Thursday, August 26th.

—On Saturday neighbor John D. Foote lost a valuable horse.

—$3.50 will buy a summer suit at Lewin's Philadelphia Branch, Bellefonte, Pa. 2t

—Our sick friends, Mr. Amos Alexander, and Mr. John Keen, are both improving. Mr. Keen h s pretty well recovered.

—Recently rains have brought out the corn crop finely. The prospects are for a full crop.

—The sale notes of the estate of Jonathan Philips, deceased, are now due, of which all concerned will please take notice. tf

—The Evangelical camp meeting for this circuit will begin in Weaver's woods, just below Aaronsburg, Wednesday, Aug. 11th.

—The whole world "and the rest of mankind" are invited to call and inspect the stock of clothing at Lewin's Philadelphia Branch, Bellefonte, Pa. 2t

—Several families from the neighborhood of Hartleton, Union county, are going to Pettis county, Missouri, next month.

—Lewin the boss clothier of the Philadelphia Branch, has now put summer clothing down to the very lowest price possible. 2t

—Indiana county has a woman who weighs 510 pounds. Nevertheless, she chased a tramp over three fences and across a meadow, and pounded him until he had to be taken away in a wagon.

—By the Lewisburg papers we see that Mr. S. O. McCurdy, is appointed teacher of the Southward Boys' Intermediate school. Mac is one of the boss teachers in this section.

—Miss Josephine Kaufman, recently of Lock Haven, stopped with her friends in town for a few days last and this week. She is on her way to Philadelphia to meet her mother there, who emigrated from the "Vaterland" several weeks ago.

—During a heavy thunder shower on Monday evening along Penns creek, two horses belonging to Mr. Wm. Moyer, residing on Mr. Jacob Sankey's farm, were struck by lightning and killed.

—The Pennsylvania State Dental Association will meet at Bellefonte, Tuesday the 27th inst., and continue in session for three days. Addresses will be delivered and papers read on subjects of interest to the profession. A very interesting session is expected.

—On Monday, while Charles Fegley, aged 11, a son of Obediah Fegley, of Maxatawny township, was driving a pair of young animals in a reaping machine, the horses took fright and ran away. The boy fell in front of the reaper and was literally cut to pieces by the revolving knives.

—The alumni and students of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, residing throughout Central Pennsylvania, will hold their next annual reunion in Bellefonte, Wednesday, July 28th. The preparations will be ample, and a full attendance is expected. Prof. E. J. Wolf, Prof. Himes and Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, are expected to deliver addresses.

—Charley Frankenberger offers his home, near town, at private sale. Any person desiring a property of this size would do well to look at this one for there is not a more complete property in this neighborhood.

The buildings are all new and very complete. Good water in abundance all the year round and choice fruit of every kind. tf.

Spring Mills Academy.

The Summer Term will commence on Monday, July 26th, 1880.

Tuition, $5 to $8. Boarding $2 to $2.25 per week.

For further information address

REV. D. M. WOLF,
28-3t. Spring Mills, Pa.

—The early elections this year will come in the following order:

Alabama, first Monday of August; Arkansas, first Monday of September; Vermont, first Tuesday of September; Maine, second Monday of September; Colorado, first Tuesday of October; Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia, second Tuesday of October.

—A CAREFUL survey of the murders, suicides and other great felonies committed in the chief cities of the United States during the last ten years, says the N. Y. *Post*, shows that a heavy fraction of the perpetrators were atheists or free thinkers. These unhappy persons, persuaded that life is the be-all and the end-all here, imagine that in their calculations they can jump the life to come. A collection of the letters or other papers left by criminals when anticipating death shows a fearful number of instances, some of which many readers will recall, of absolute disbelief in the existence of a God or any reckoning for the wrong done in this life to be exacted in a future one.—*Ex.*

—New Berlin contributed about $250 in cash and provisions for Milton. That is certainly very good for a town that is always being scolded as the dullest in the state.

—The wonderful clock was in town and exhibited on Saturday evening, Monday afternoon and evening, to good audiences. That clock is quite a success and no doubt does a paying business.

—A lady lost a white silk handkerchief with small blue border, on her way home from the Evangelical church on Sunday morning. The *honest* finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the *Journal* office.

Among agents and families the great demand now is for the new light running Combination Sewing Machine, because it has stood the test, and is better made, with more improvements, will last longer, and is much lower in price, (only $20.) than other machines, and having attained a merited popularity among the people for reliability, it is welcomed wherever it makes its appearance. It is built for strength and constant hard work, has interchangeable working parts, manufactured of fine polished steel, and will run for years without repairs; is simple to learn, easy to manage, understood perfectly in an hour, and always ready to do every description of heavy or fine family work at less cost, more easily, smoothly, and faster, and with less labor or trouble than any other machine *at any price*, ever did, or can do. Tuckers, quilters, rufflers, hemmers, binders, &c., free with each machine. No advance payments. Machines shipped to any R. R. station for examination before payment of bill. Agents make money rapidly, supplying the great demand for this the Cheapest Machine in the world. Territory free. For illustrated catalogue of prices, specimens of stitch, &c., address, office of the Combination Sewing Machine, 737 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

—Mr. James Haus, of Mifflinburg's efficient photographer, gave us a short call last week, and we were happy to make the acquaintance of such a thorough gentleman as we feel convinced Mr. H. is. He had with him two portraits of prominent Mifflinburger's—Rev. A. C. Whitmer and Dr. Steadman, now deceased. Mr. Whitmers portrait is wrought in India ink and Dr. Steadman's is a crayon drawing, and both are executed in a very high style of art. Should any of our readers desire any work of this kind they are entirely safe in giving their orders to Mr. Haus.

—We had a letter from Mr. Philip B. Stover, of Pleasant Valley, Kansas, in which he writes of a very sudden death that occured in Lincoln Centre, July 5th. There was a soldiers' parade and a dance going on all day. Dr. Hayden, aged about 25 years, a gentleman of high social and professional standing also engaged in dancing, became overheated, went into a saloon and got a dish of ice cream and a glass of lemonade. While drinking the lemonade he fell down dead. The dance came to an end at once.

He further states that the summer is exeptionally dry, but that some farmers still have 20 to 25 bushels of wheat to the acre, while others have none. The corn crop looks well.

—On Monday Aug. 2nd Mr. D. L. Zerby will open a subscription school, in the Grammar department room. Millheim School house. A share of the public prtronage and the hearty cooperation of parents, is solicited. Any persons desiring to send upon whom Mr. Zerby has not called, are cordially invited to do so. *Charges moderate.* Mr. Zerby desires all parents who send to him to see to it that their children are at school at the proper time, with their lessons prepared also that they are not there much before they are wanted, viz. before the 1st ringing of the bell, and last, but not least that they are kept in check during the evening, so as to prepare their work for the following day. Upon these terms satisfaction will be gauranteed. 2t

For the Journal.

MR. EDITOR:

The campaign on the Democratic side was formally opened here last Saturday evening, by a rousing ratification meeting. Speeches were delivered by W. A. Morrison, Esq., J. L. Spangler, Esq., D. F. Fortney, Esq., W. C. Heinle, Esq., and a few happy remarks by Maj. R. H. Forster, all of Bellefonte. The speeches were first class, the best of feeling prevailed, the enthusiasm for the "superb" Hancock was without bounds. The Democracy of Brush Valley is thoroughly aroused and will do a big thing in November. Mark it, Mr. Editor.

JACKSON.

Rebersburg, July 19th., 1880.

BELLEFONTE ITEMS.

Crowded streets on show day. "Reese" says that his sisters, his cousins and his aunts were all in to see him.

"The owl" ceased to (H)owl. The editor was arrested in Mifflin and held in $900 bail to appear at court.

The Lutheran Sun day school intends picnicing on the summit of Nittany mountain next Thursday. Ditto the Reformed school next Tuesday.

Judge Orvis held court here last Thursday, to be repeated next Friday.

Rev. Z. A. Yearick, of Turbotville, filled the Reformed pulpit last Sunday morning and evening. He had a full house both times.

The quiet community of Milesburg was startled last Friday night between the hours of twelve and one, by the through freight being thrown off the track. It was caused by a freight car being run on to the track. There were 23 cars piled upon each other to the height of about 20 feet. The engine was found in an adjoining field some 50 feet distant. One hundred workmen were employed on Saturday to clear the track. Fireman Dawson stuck to his post till he saw that he must jump for his life. He was hurt some but not seriously. Crowds visited the wreck on Saturday and Sunday.

B.

—Huckleberries sell for five cents a quart.

—The State of Virginia hires out five hundred and twenty-five of her convicts to work on her railroads and other public improvements, for whom the State receives twenty-five cents each day.

TAKE NOTICE.—Persons attending camp meeting in Weaver's grove, just below Aaronsburg, will find first class accommodations at moderate charges, at the Penn House, Aaronsburg.

J. C. SPRINGER,
3t. Proprietor.

—The Milton sufferers have appointed Judges Elwell, of Columbia, Rockefeller, of Sunbury and Cummin, of Williamsport, a committee to distribute the relief fund, which amounts to about $80,000.

—Mr. Elias Lose has moved his carpenter shop and planing mill building bodily on to the island in the rear of the Evangelical church. The new location is decidedly a much better one as it gives them much more elbow room.

—Brother Schoch, of the *Telegraph*, recently enjoyed the rare luxury—for an editor of a carriage ride all the way from Mifflinburg to Lock Haven, a distance of 42 miles. Of course the carriage didn't belong to him, nor the horses either, but George enjoyed the ride all the same, perhaps better, than if they had. He speaks in ecstacies of the country and towns passed over and through, viz: Long Narrows, east end of Brush valley, Sugar valley, Logansville, Nittany valley, Salona, Mill Hall, Flemington and Lock Haven, but seems to be particularly pleased with the many good Democrats he met, prominent among which he mentions the old veteran, John DeLong, Gen. Heckman, Hon. Geo. A. Auchenbach, J. C. C. Whalley, and others.

—Lewisburg wouldn't just now draw the highest premium for good order, according to the following. We hope the state of things complained of may continue but temporarily as it does not seem at all natural for Lewisburg:

Some months since our borough council instructed the constables to keep down loafing at street corners and to arrest disorderly persons. This is not done and it is time the constables themselves are shaken up a little. Scarcely a night but parties pass up and down our main streets cursing and using the most indecent language, insulting women and men. Drunkenness abounds, and there seems to be no law or law officers to prevent it. In times past our citizens took pride in the good order that prevailed in our borough, but every good citizen must be ashamed of the lack of good government that now prevails. Can't something be done to improve matters?—*Journal.*

—A queer incident, which very nearly came to be a dreadful accident, happened in Lancaster county recently. Four children were left alone at home while the father and mother were busily engaged in the harvest field. In the house was a chest, with an old fashioned spring lock. In the course of the day one of the children put the key into his pocket and with the two younger ones got into the chest and shut the lid down, the lock, of course, making them close prisoners. The oldest child immediately gave the alarm, and the neighbor's wife broke the lid with an axe and liberated the prisoners, but not until the two youngest children were so nearly suffocated that it was feared for a time the babe would not recover.

A NEW TREATMENT.

The Golden Elixir of Life. Wonderful Cures.

If you have Consumption, and would know that your cough can be made loose and easy—Hectic Fever and Night Sweats checked in 24 hours; Inflammation taken out of the lungs and air passages at once; that you can be made to gain 3 to 5 pounds of healthy flesh per week; if you have any Chronic Disease, Bronchitis, Asthma Catarrh Dyspepsia, Sick Hesdache, Heart Disease, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhoea, loss of sexual power in either sex from any canse; if you have any form of nervous weakness, losing flesh or wasting away, and would know of an immediate relief and certain cure for many of the severest cases in a short time, a new method with new agents to fatten every body, invigorate and make strong and healthy the most hopeless cases, cut this out and write at once for particulars to B. S. DISPENSARY, Berrien Springs, Mich. y1

News Miscellany.

Littlestown, Adams county, is growing enthusiastic over the recent discovery of gold in that vicinity. A reduction company composed of some of the best men of that place, Hanover, Gettysburg and other places has been formed. Mining operations will begin as soon as possible. It is said the minute particles of gold in the crude ore are distinctly seen with the naked eye. Chemical analysis has proved some of the ore to yield over $300 a ton.

COLONEL HENRY ALTMAN and Edward Cowan, a Colorado journalist, waylaid by highwaymen near South Arkansas, Colorado, a few days ago, and commanded to "stand and deliver." As quick as thought Mr. Cowan leaped upon the head of the spokesman and snatched a revolver from the hands of the prostrate "minion of the moon." Colonel Altman, no less prompt, seized another of the footpads, whereat the rest of the gang of assailants fled. Then was witnessed the rare spectacle of the robbery of robbers, for Altman and Cowan rifled the pockets of the two fallen fellows, horsewhipped them and mountiug their horses galloped away.

A Georgia man rigged himself up as a bear to have some fun, and he got it, for the inhabitants turned out with dogs and ran him four miles over a stumpy country before he could make them understand that he wasn't a bear; and then they talked of tarring and feathering him for alarming the women folks of the neighborhood, and finally gave him three days to leave the country. He won't play bear any more.

The New York Sun estimates "That there are over 100,000 Sunday schools in the world, that 1,000,000 teachers are engaged in them, and that they are attended by 10,000,000 scholars. In the United States alone 7,000,000 of these scholars are reported."

The Rev. Washington Gladden, of Springfield, answers the question, "Why don't the masses come to church?" by asserting that they do; or, at least, that proportionately there is more church-going now than there was in the last century. At the time of the Revolution there was one church to 1,538 inhabitants, while the present ratio is one to 535; and he thinks the churches are as neaarly filled now as then.

Kicking a boy for cutting a shade tree with a knife cost a Galesburg man $12,000. The lad was taken with a spinal disorder, which has disabled him ever since.

John Steele, the "Coal Oil Johnny" whose astounding prodigality made him notorious throughout the country, is now a well-behaved and reasonably prosperous farmer at Franklin, Pa. It was in 1864, when he was just 21, that the striking of oil on a farm that he had inherited began to yield him an income of $3,000 a day. This wealth turned his foolish head, and he began to spend the money in the most reckless and grotesque manner. He squandered all his property in three years. His wife had managed to get hold of $75,000, but that was lost in a bank failure. Steele gradually came to his senses, went to work at his old occupation of teamster, next became a railroad baggage master, and slowly saved enough money to buy the farm on which he now lives.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Albert Vollmer accidently shot himself in the woods in Benzinger twp., Elk, last Thursday. He had been sitting on a log with his gun resting upon a knee. When he was ready to start he pulled the gun, with the muzzle toward him, when the hammer caught on a piece of back and the load was discharged, wounding him so badly in the breast that he died the next day.

A boarding tent will be opened at Wayne Camp grounds about August 1st, provided a sufficient number of applications are made to pay the expenses. Address communications to J. N. Welliver, Secretary, Lock Haven, Pa.

Gored to Death by a Bull.

From the Norfolk (Va.) Landmark.

Yesterday morning a young man by the name of Miller, grandson of Mr. Peter Miller, owner of the Vue de Leau farm, was found imbedded in a marsh, whither he had been tossed by a furious bull, which was in the pasture. Although horribly gored, one of the horns of the animal having entered his neck and passed out on the top of his head, the young man was still alive when found, and lived for several hours after being taken to the house.

MARRIED

On the 4th inst., by Rev. W. M. Landis, Mr. Wm D. Brown to Miss Esther E. Weaver, both of Sugar Valley Clinton Co Pa.
(Clinton papers please copy).

DIED.

On the 3d inst., in Centre Hall, Henry Witmer, aged 81 years, 11 months and 11 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	90
Wheat No. 2	85
Corn	40
Rye	60
Oats White	33
Oats, Black	30
Buckwheat	50
Flour	5.40
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl	2.00
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Timothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	5.00
Butter	13
Hams	10
Sides	7
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	12
Potatoes	
Lard	6
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
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IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA IS THE GREAT

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just opened up for Spring and Summer wear. My stock is as cheap as it was a year ago, because I bought it for cash before the advance. I am the only shoe dealer in Lock Haven that buys for cash & pays no rent therefore I can sell you a better article for the same money than any dealer in the city. Give me a call and you will be convinced that your place to buy is

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THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

AGRICULTURE.

TRAINING HEIFERS.—It is a very easy matter to train a heifer to stand quietly to be milked, but it is an easier matter to train them to jump, kick and run. The way to teach them to stand still is to always require them to do so. If there is naught to hinder a wild heifer from running, and if her fear prompt her to run, she can and will run. On the contrary if she cannot run, in a short time she loses her fear and stands from habit, and habit is one of the most powerful influences in this world for either brute or man. If you want to transferm a wild heifer into a well-behaved well-trained cow you must be patient and exhibit no temper. Never strike or kick her. She must first of all get acquainted with you, and learn that you will not hurt her. She must learn not to fear you. If, in Winter, it is best to milk in the stable, make as little fuss and as few alarming motions as possible; handle her very gently. Be careful not to pinch the teats. This is the great source of trouble. A cow naturally wishes to be rid of her milk. She stands quietly until some careless milker has given a squeeze that hurts, when she kicks and runs. By following such a course a few times the habit will be confirmed. The best way to manage, if you have no stable, is to have a tall, well-fenced yard, and teach your heifers to stand for milking in that; or, next best, to tie them, using them very quietly. No man or boy is fit to handle animals unless he can control them and control himself. Neither is it right to chastise the ignorant.

THE AMERICAN VS. THE ENGLISH DAIRY.—We have on previous occasions, says the London *Live-Stock Journal*, pointed out that we in England were losing ground in the race, and that America was gaining it, and that the difference was owing to the improved methods and appliances in general use in the latter country. The disparity is only less marked because the soil, the herbage, and the climate in this country are each and all better than those in America for cheese-making purposes. It is purely a question, then, of practical ability, superior management, and we say so advisedly. Ten or a dozen years ago the quality of American cheese sent to this country was such as to cause our own cheesemakers to smile; but now the smile is on the other side of the face. At that time no one thought for a moment that we had anything to fear from the quality, whatever we had to do from the volume, of American competition in cheese; but now we are beaten all along the line. And this is not so much because the quality of English cheese on the average is lower than it used to be, as that the quality of American is so greatly improved. Careful inquiry into scientific principles and scrupulous attention to details of management are the means by which our American friends have so much bettered their dairy products. Increased knowledge, quickened energies, and incessant activity in adopting every improvement in appliances and modes of management, will alone enable us to compete successfuly.

Cows.—Treat them generously and kindly, but do not keep them fat, unless they are to be turned off into beef. A cow is a machine, a laboratory for converting raw materials into milk. If little be given, little will be received. All animals should have exercise, especially those kept for breeding. Some of them are naturally lazy, but they will be better for stirring about in the open air. It is cruel to keep animals tied up or shut up for days at a time. They need light too. Direct sunshine exerts a powerful influence for good on animals as well as on plants. Do not overlook a good supply of pure water two or three times a day, or good ventilation and proper cleaning of stables. When the ground is frozen and covered with snow, it may be well enough, on pleasant days, to scatter the fodder and allow the stock plenty of room to pick it up; but when it is muddy, no one but a sloven will fodder on the ground. Good racks should be made for the sake of convenience and economy.

REPAIRS IN ROADS AND PATHS.—It should be remembered that the worst spot in a piece of road, whether public or private way, measures the capacity of the team for hauling loads over it, or in other words, a team can draw between two given points only what it can draw over the hardest spot, whether that be a steep hill or a muddy slough hole, no matter how perfect the other portions of the way may be. Any man would be considered a fool who should keep a good pair of horses for hauling loads and then persist in using them on a one-horse wagon, drawing but half load at a time, and yet that is just what we are all doing, who, year after year, haul manure, farm products and merchandise over roads that, by the expenditure of a small amount of labor, would enable us to haul double the weight we now draw. April is oftentimes a good month for making repairs in roads and paths.

The ordinary coloring matters used in cements usually injure the setting power more or less, and fail to produce pure tints. According to experiments made by a German chemist, however, this difficulty may be overcome, and permanant color washes be produced, by mixing equal volumes of the dry pigment and burned and washed flint with milk of lime, a little water glass being advantageously added. The tint thus produced is described as very agreeable, and, if stable mineral colors are used, as durable as the cement itself; surfaces of great beauty are produced by employing finely powdered marble and flint, with the faintest tint of chrome green. The wash is applied as soon as possible after the cement has set, and, if practicable, in one coat only, but if two are necessary the second is made with the addition of water glass, in order to be effective,

In an essay on magnetic strains, a recent scientific writer describes a method that may be resorted to for detecting the contact of micrometer screws, and which is of value, as it is applicable in very many physical and mechanical experiments. In a test of this operation, the micrometer screw had sixty threads to an inch, and its head was graduated to 300 parts, so that the unit of measurement was the one 18,000th of an inch. The iron bar, micrometer screw, and a telephone were put in the circuit of a weak Lelanche cell. When the screw was turned up to loose contact with the bar, the familiar boiling sound of a too sensitive microphone was heard, which ceased the instant firm contant was made, the change to silence being abrupt and sharply defined.

An engineer says, that from one-half to three-fourths of a pound of borax, put in the boiler, is a good remedy for boiler-scale. After putting in the borax he advised to run the engine a week and then blow off, when the scale can be scraped out from the bottom of the boiler and fire-box.

DOMESTIC.

ICE CREAM WITH EGGS.—Two quarts new milk, ten eggs, one tablespoon corn starch, beat the eggs, wet the corn starch and cook it in the milk, then stir in the eggs and cook, but do not let them curdle, one and a half pounds sugar. Cook the night before so it will be thoroughly cool, add two teaspoons vanilla. If you wish strawberry flavor to the cream, mash and strain them, and add sugar, one pint of berries, for ounces of sugar to two quarts of cream. Put the cream into the freezer and set in a tub or pail, fill the pail with broken ice, strew coarse salt in large quantities between each layer of ice, taking care that it dose not get into the cream. Break the ice by putting it in an old grain sack and pounding with an axe. As the cream freezes scrape it from the bottom and sides of the freezer with a knife or spoon. A large size lard can or tin pail may be used instead of a freezer, but in that case the cream must be often scraped from the sides and well-beaten, to make it fine-grained.

BOSTON BROWN BREAD.—Half pint flour, one pint corn meal, half pint rye flour, three potatoes, one teaspoonful salt, one tablespoonful brown sugar, two tablespoonfuls Baking Powder, half pint water. Sift flour, corn meal, rye flour, sugar, salt and powder together thoroughly; peel, wash and well boil two mealy potatoes, rub them through the sieve, diluting with the water. When this is quite cold use it to mix the flour, etc., into a batter like cake; pour it into a well greased mould having a cover. Place it in a saucepan half full of boiling water, where the loaf will simmer one hour without the water getting into it. Remove it then, take off the cover, finish cooking it by baking in a fairly hot oven thirty minutes.

The Greatest Blessing.

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.—*Eagle.*

LOBSTER CROQUETTS. — Mince the flesh of a lobster to the size of small dice, season with pepper, salt, spices and as much cayenne as will rest on the point of a trussing needle. Melt a piece of butter in a saucepan, mix with it a tablespoonful of flour, then the lobster and some chopped parsley; moisten with a little fish stock until the mixture looks like minced veal; then stir into it off the fire a couple of yelks of eggs, and put it by to get cold. When nearly so shape it into the form of corks, egg them, and roll them in baked bread-crumbs. After the lapse of an hour egg and bread-crumb them again, taking care to preserve the shape. After a little time fry them a nice color in hot lard.

THE purest article is the cheapest in the end. Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia), is perfectly pure, snow-white, and preserves clothes washed with it. Be sure and try it.

TEA BISCUITS.—One quart flour, one teaspoonful salt, half teaspoonsful Baking Powder, one tablespoonful lard, one pint milk. Sift together flour, salt, sugar and powder; rub in the lard cold; add the milk and form into a smooth, consistent dough. Flour the board, turn out the dough, roll it out to the thickness of three-quarter inch, cut with a small round cutter; lay them close together on a greased baking tin, wash over with milk, bake in good hot oven twenty minutes.

MILK-YEAST BREAD.—Take one cupful of milk, add hot water to warm the milk; mix sifted flour to make a thin sponge; let stand over night in a warm place; in the morning add one half cupful of butter and flour to sufficiently stiffen for bread, kneading thoroughly; fill pans half full, and in a warm place allow the loaves to rise to the top of the pans; bake in a steady oven, not too hot, one hour.

IF you want your chickens to grow fast feed them on oatmeal scalded with sweet or sour milk. Don't make the feed wet or sloppy, nor give more at once than will be eaten up clean. Only prepare as much at once as will be all eaten before any fermentation takes place in it. Where oatmeal can not be had, fine cornmeal or cracked wheat similarly treated and administered will answer a very good purpose.

BOSTON CREAM CAKES.—Half pound butter, three-fourths pound of flour, eight eggs, one pint of water; stir the butter into the water, which should be warm; set it on the fire in a pan and let it boil, stirring it often; when it boils, stir in the flour; let it cool; beat the eggs light and stir into this cooled paste; bake in small buttered pans ten minutes, filling them half full.

SWEET APPLE PUDDING.—One quart of scalded milk, half pint of Indian meal, cup of molasses, spoonful of salt, sweet apples. Mix these all together, and cut the apples (pared) in small pieces and stir in. Bake not less than three hours in a moderate oven.

VEAL SWEETBREAD.—Scald in salt and water and remove stringy part; put in cold water a few minutes, drop in a cloth, dip in egg and bread crumbs, fry brown in butter; take out, pour in the pan a cup of cream, a little chopped parsley, pepper, salt, and a little flour; boil up and pour over the breads; serve hot.

The poetry of Babyhood is turned into the blankest kind of prose when one has to walk the floor all night to the ceaseless music of a colic-suffering baby. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup prevents all such scenes and troubles by its unfailing influences.

ICE CREAM WITHOUT EGGS.—Take all the cream you can spare, add new milk enough to make the desired quantity, sweeten and flavor to taste; both the sweetening and flavoring seem to "freeze out." If desired a little arrow-root or corn starch may be cooked in a little milk and stirred in.

PHILADELPHIA ICE CREAM.—Dissolve one pound of white sifted sugar in two quarts of fresh pure cream, one tablespoon extract. When finished, drain off the water, repack with ice and salt, cover with a woolen blanket and let stand two or three hours.

GET RID OF ONE COLD before you contract another on top of it, or you may securely establish the seeds of a serious Lung Complaint, before you are conscious of danger. Better prudently resort to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, an effective cure for Coughs and Colds, and helpful also for its healing influence on the Lungs and Bronchitis.

HUMOROUS.

"I'M goin' right in this river," said he, staggering toward the string piece, as the policeman clutched him by the collar. "Lemme go, I tellyer. You emme go. I m just goin' right in this river and I'm goin' fer to drown my sorrers. I've busted around 'syer country till I'm finished. Yer hear me! Lemme go, will yer? Oh! just lemme get inter the swellin' tide. Let go yer hold; lemmealone. I'm' goin' to bust a hole in mortality."

But the policeman lugged him off.

"Say, ol' man, yersaved m'life," said the would be suicide, as he knocked his hat over his eyes. "You'r a square f'ler. Now lemme go to bed. Y'ear me? lemme gohome, Got two ten dollar bills? Got 'em?"

The policeman said he had a ten and two fives, just to humor the man.

"Good'nuff. That'll do. Gimme the ten," and he pulled out a twenty dollar bill. "Glimme the ten, y'ear? Goin' to makeyer present ten dollars. Take this and gimme ten. Yer saved m'life."

Once more to humor him the policeman gave him the ten and took the twenty. He didn't want the money, but the exhibition of gratitude showed a dawning interest in a life that should be encouraged. Then bidding him good night the policeman walked off.

If the drunken man who was rescued from death by a tall policeman will send his address to headquarters, he will receive back his counterfeit twenty dollar note and hear something to his advantage.

IN one of the Western States a case was tried, and at its termination the Judge charged the jury, and they retired for consultation. Hour after hour passed and no verdict was brought in. The Judge's dinner hour arrived, and he became hungry and impatient. Upon inquiry he learned that one obstinate juryman was holding out against eleven. That he could not stand, and he ordered the twelve men to be brought before him. He told them that, in his charge to them, he had so plainly stated the case and the law that the verdict ought to be unanimous, and the man who permitted his individual opinion to weigh against the judgment of eleven men of wisdom was unfit and disqualified ever agin to act in the capacity of juryman. At the end of this excited harangue a little squeaky voice came from one of the jurymen. He said: "Judge, will your honor allow me to say a word?" Permission being given, he added: "May it please your Honor, I am the only man on your side!"

Given up by Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good."—*Salem Post.*

THEY were sitting about the stove at the grocery listening to the yarns of an old sailor, and the ancient mariner had just remarked: "The next we tackled was a right whale, and he was an ugly one and stove all three of our boats and killed the second mate," when a sad-eyed man in the corner timidly observed, "It seems to me that instead of a right whale you tackled the wrong one." And then they all rose and marched out in single file, and the ancient mariner was so mad that he tried to kick a saw-horse and barked his shin in nine places.

A FEW years ago the State's Attorney of a northern county in Vermont, although a man of great legal ability, was very fond of the bottle. On one occassion an important criminal case was called on by the clerk, but the attorney, with owl-like gravity, kept his chair. "Mr. Attorney, is the State ready to proceed?" said the Judge. "Yes — hic—no—your honor," stammered the lawyer; "the State is not—in a state to try this case, to-day; the State, your honor, is—drunk!"

SEE TO IT that your child meets with no neglect; when sick, use for the diseases of babyhood Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup;—it never disappoints. 25 cents.

A SCHOOL teacher who had just been telling the story of David ended with, "And all this happened over three thousand years ago." A little cherub, its blue eyes opening wide with wonder, said, after a moment's thought, "Oh dear, marm, what a memory you have got!"

"Is Christianity a Failure?" It is not, of course—especially to the man who starts out on Sunday morning with a fishing-rod disguised as a cane, and to the woman who has a $35 new bonnet and is driven to church in her own carrirge, with a coachman rigged out in livery.

VEGETINE has restored thousands to health who had been long and painful sufferers.

IT is estimated that the time wasted by women of the United States in looking under beds for men at night if devoted to work would result, in a year's time, in making over 47,000 pairs of suspenders for the heathen.

MARY BEANE deemed herself neglected by her lover at Denver, and shot the man with whom she found him playing cards when he ought to have been visiting her. This shows the wickedness of playing cards.

ANY circus which puts more on the wall than it can perform under canvas will run a chance of being struck by lightning.

SOME day or other a man will jump into the arena of life with a successful flying-machine, and invite all wise old heads to take a ride.

A SURE cure for corns—Kick your corn through a window-glass and the pane is gone forever.

CLAMS and bivalves—"Steam" valves when cooking, and "safety" valves when not eaten to excess.

The age of Miracles

is past, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will not raise the dead, will not cure you if your lungs are half wasted by consumption, or your system sinking under cancerous disease. It is, however, unsurpassed both as a pectoral and alterative, and will cure obstinate and severe diseases of the throat and lungs, coughs, and bronchial affections. By virtue of its wonderful alterative properties it cleanses and enriches the blood, thus curing pimples, blotches, and eruptions and causing even great eating ulcers to heal. Sold by druggists.

CONSTIPATION has been called the father of diseases, therefore it should not be regarded as a trifling ailment. It is quite as necessary to remove impure accumulations from the bowls as it is to eat or sleep, and no health can be expected where a costive habit of body prevails. Take a half-tablespoonful of Simmons' Liver Regulator after each meal, the bowels will be gently moved, as if no medicine had been taken. Regularity in taking the medicine daily will effect a permanent cure.

"HAVE used Simmons' Liver Regulator for Constipation of the Bowels, caused by a temporary Derangement of the Liver, for the last three or four years, and always when used according to the directions, with decided benefit. I think it is a great medicine for the Derangement of the Liver; at least such has been my personal experience in the use of it.

HIRAM WARNER,
Chief Justice of Georgia."

ROLL JELLY CAKE—Four eggs, one cup of sugar, one cup of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, a pinch of salt. Mix all well together and roll out on long tins. As soon as baked, spread over any jelly and roll up immediately.

AMOUNT OF FLAVOR FOR TWO QUARTS CREAM.— Vanilla—One tablespoon of extract. Lemon—One tablespoon extract or juice of one. Strawberry and other fruit—One pint finely strained juice and four ounces sugar. Chocolate—three ounces Baker's chocolate, four ounces sugar melted in four ounces water and finely strained.

THERE is but one way to cure baldness, and that is by using CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of Petroleum, the natural hair grower. As recently improved, it is the only dressing for the hair that cultured people will use.

"WHAT," asks a communistic paper "are kings good for?" A man never appreciates the real value of kings until the other fellow holds a pair of queens.

"I GUESS you must have been kissed by all the pretty girls in the country," somebody remarked recently to Commodore Nutt. "I guess I have," he replied; but it isn't such fun as you think. It gets awfully tiresome." So it does.

IT is said that a baby will cry no harder if a pin is stuck into him than he will if the cat won't let him pull her tail. It is therefore cheaper to pin him.

From the Chase County "Leader."

COTTONWOOD, Chase Co., Kansas.

"Anakesis" is the name of a Pile Remedy introduced in this section of the State upon the recommendation of those who have tried it, by W. W. Jones. William Barton says he tried every remedy recommended, but "Anakesis" was the only one that effected a permanent cure.

Samples of "Anakesis" are sent free to all sufferers on application to "Anakesis" Depot, Box 3946, New York. Also sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

Kidney-Wort

is a dry, vegetable compound of wonderful efficacy in all diseases of the liver and kidneys. One package makes six quarts of medicine which contains no poisonous liquors, being prepared in pure water.—ECHO.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T INMAN, Station D, New York City.

A Valuable Gift Free.

A book on the Liver, its diseases and their treatment sent free. Including treatises upon Liver Complaints, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, etc. Address Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York city, N. Y.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days's trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

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Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

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YOU MUST HAVE PURE BLOOD.

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Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and nervous disorders.

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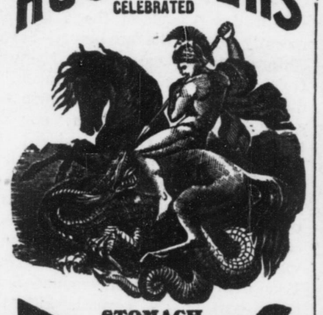

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CURES all Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder, and Urinary Organs; Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins, or Side; Retention or Nonretention of Urine, Nervous Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Excesses, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation & Piles.

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CURES WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAIL, as it acts directly and at once on the Kidneys, Liver, and Bowels, restoring them to a healthy action. HUNT'S REMEDY is a safe, sure and speedy cure, and hundreds have been cured by it when physicians and friends had given them up to die. Do not delay, try at once HUNT'S REMEDY.

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Prices, 75 cents and $1.25. Large size the cheapest. Ask your druggist for HUNT'S REMEDY. Take no other.

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A Combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

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To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

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Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

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